Self-Scouting the Scout

Using Text Analytics to Improve Scout Grades in American Football

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Deep Football CASSIS 2018

Motivation

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- 1. Many scouts have years of experience and can detect minor differences between players.
- 2. Analytical methods have been focused on predicting player success from statistics.
- 3. Significant advancements happen when different disciplines collaborate.



Motivation

We combine statistics and scouting reports:

- 1. Improve predictions on players
- 2. Uncover over/under-valued features in prospects.

Our goal is NOT to replace scouts!

That would waste information.



Outline

- 1. Data collection
- 2. Modeling choices
- 3. Results
- 4. Conclusions



Data Collection

Data Collection

Drafted players from 2010 to 2015.

- 1. Scouting Reports: nfl.com/draft
- 2. Historical Contracts: spotrac.com & overthecap.com
- 3. Approximate Values: profootballreference.com

Model

Input: Scouting Report: grades and text analysis

Output: Second Contract Salary



Scouting Reports



fourth best in the MAC.

- 1. Scout Grade $\rightarrow [0,1]$
- 2. Combine Stats
- 3. Height, Weight, Arm Length, Hand Size
- Overview → n-grams
- 5. Strengths \rightarrow n-grams
- 6. Weaknesses → n-grams



STRENGTHS Tall, long left tackle frame with good thickness but still room to add weight throughout. Natural athlete with bend and

in the last nine, starting four games at right tackle, moving over to right guard for two weeks, and then lining up at left tackle for the final three contests. During his senior year, Fisher anchored an offensive line that averaged 6.2 yards-per-play, second best in the MAC and the same unit only allowed 14 sacks, which was good for

Second Contract

Cash Earnings



Stats & Valuation

Current Contract

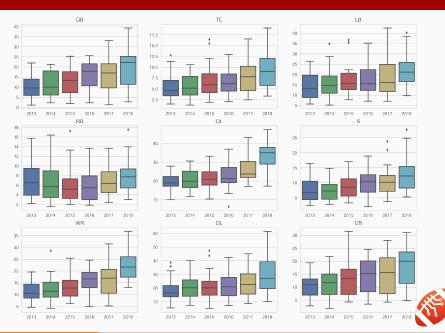
Contract Details

Eric Fisher signed a 4 year, \$48,000,000 contract with the Kansas City Chiefs, including a \$12,750,000 signing bonus, \$22,000,000 guaranteed, and an average annual salary of \$12,000,000. In 2018, Fisher will earn a base salary of \$11,150,000 and a workout bonus of \$250,000, while carrying a cap hit of \$13,950,000 and a dead cap value of \$21,349,406.

CONTRACT TERMS: SIGNING BO 4 yr(s) / \$48,000,000 \$12,750,000								GTD AT SIGN: \$22,000,000	TOTAL GTD: \$22,000,000	FREE AGENT: 2022 / UFA	
					В	ONUS BREAKDOWI	N	CAP	DETAILS	CASH DETAILS	
2016	®	25	\$675,000		\$6,179,636			\$6,854,636	\$25,629.636	\$13,425,000 (\$13,425,000)	
2017	®	26	\$6,857,977		\$2,550,000		\$50,000	\$9,457,977	\$18,825,000	\$6,907,977 (\$20,332,977)	
2018	*	27	\$11,150,000		\$2,550,000		\$250,000	\$13,950,000	\$21,934,046	\$11,400,000 (\$31,732,977)	
					POTENTIAL C	UT: 2019 , 3 YR, 9	33,450,000; \$	8,384,046 DEAD CAP			
2019	®	28	\$9,850,0	000	\$2,550,000	\$500,000	\$250,000	\$13,150,000	\$6,667,023	\$10,600,000 (\$42,332,977)	
2020	•	29	\$8,750,0	000	\$2,550,000	\$500,000	\$250,000	\$12,050,000	\$2,550,000	\$9,500,000 (\$51,832,977)	
021	®	30	\$10,750,	000		\$500,000	\$250,000	\$11,500,000		\$11,500,000 (\$63,332,977)	



Positional Spending by Year

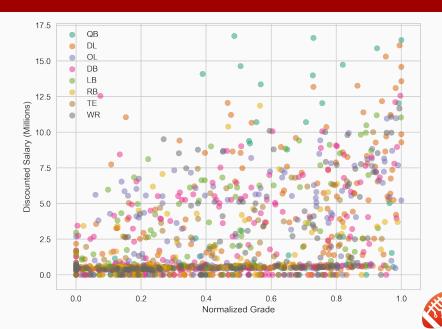


Growth Rate by Position

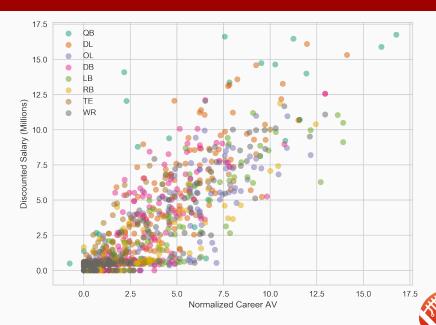




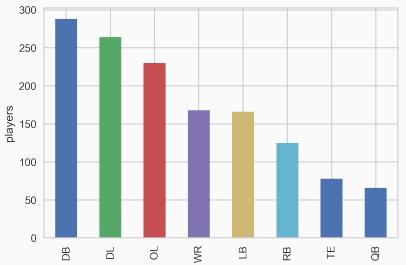
Normalized Grade versus Contract Value



Career Approximate Value versus Contract Value



Sample Sizes





Modeling

Models We Tried

Problem Type

- 1. Regression
- 2. Classification: stars, starters, backups, practice squad

Model Selection

- 1. Linear Regression
- 2. Support Vector Machines
- 3. Random Forests
- 4. Gradient Boosting Decision Trees
- 5. Neural Networks: Fully Connected and Recurrent



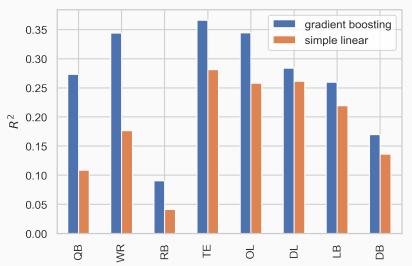
Final Model

- 1. Regression on discounted salary
- 2. Train simple linear model with normalized grades
- 3. Train gradient boosting model with n-grams on residuals
- 4. Leave One Out cross validation due to small sample size
- 5. Models are trained and tuned per position



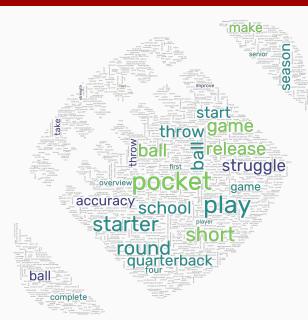
Results

R^2 Comparison





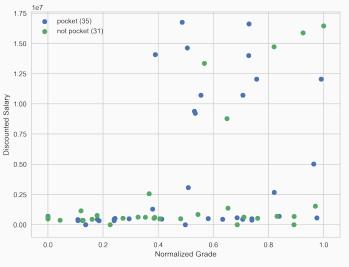
Quarterbacks





Quarterback Analysis: Strength "Pocket"

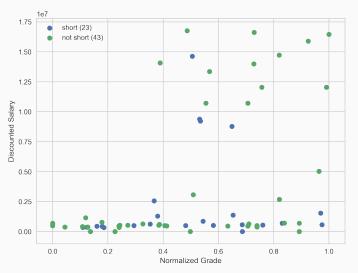
[Bradford] to stand in the pocket and take a hit.





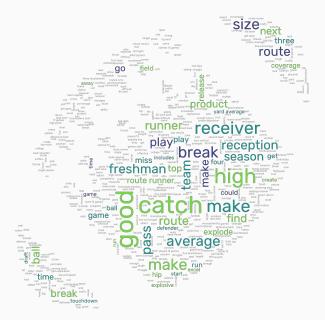
Quarterback Analysis: Strength "Short"

[Ponder] Does a good job in the short passing game ...





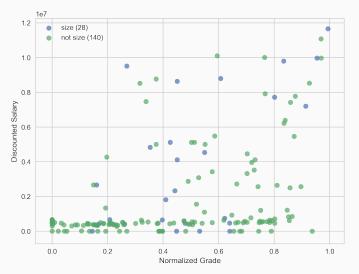
Wide Receivers





Wide Receiver Analysis: Weakness "Size"

[Hopkins] Only average size for a starting outside receiver



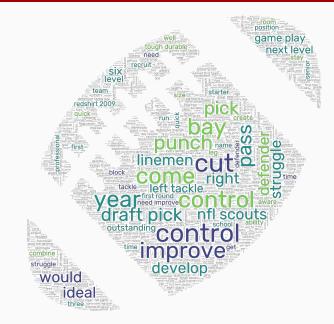


Runningbacks



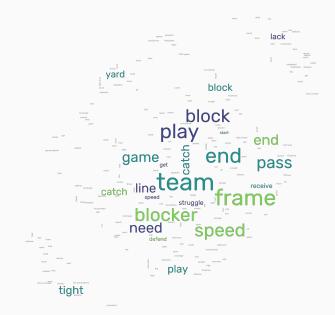


Offensive Linemen





Tight Ends





Defensive Linemen



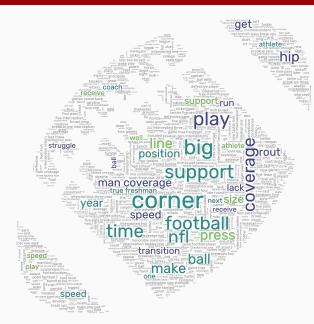


Linebackers





Defensive Backs





Future Work

- 1. Increase dataset by including undrafted players.
- 2. Collect data from more scouts.
- 3. Improve performance on lagging positions.
- 4. Evaluate metrics that teams care about, for example recall of predicting star players.



Takeaways

- 1. Everyone has biases including scouts!
- 2. We are not replacing scouts!
- 3. Scouting supplies data fundamental for this approach.
- 4. We address debiasing scouting reports.
- 5. We can give feedback to scouts to help them improve.
- 6. We show that we can improve prediction of player success through market value.



Thanks!

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